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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOC		CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/664,289	09/16/2003	Katherine Woo	2043.140US1	4544	
.,	7590 01/23/200 N, LUNDBERG & WO	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 2938 MINNEAPOLI	, i	LASTRA, DANIEL			
MINNEAPOLI	5, MIN 55402		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		3688			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			01/23/2009	ELECTRONIC	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

USPTO@SLWIP.COM

		А	Application No.		Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary			0/664,289		WOO, KATHERINE			
			xaminer		Art Unit			
		D	ANIEL LASTRA		3688			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appear	rs on the cover she	eet with the co	orrespondence ad	idress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MANAGER, FROM THE MANAGER, FROM THE MANAGER (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months at an adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a unication. tutory period will a will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COMM ). In no event, however, n pply and will expire SIX (6 use the application to become	IUNICATION may a reply be time by MONTHS from to me ABANDONED	ely filed the mailing date of this of the control (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•		
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 27 Octo	ber 2008					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			tion is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition	<i>7</i> —		matters pros	secution as to the	e merits is		
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practic		•	•				
Dispositi	on of Claims		y,	, , , , , ,				
		) :-/						
•	Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,9-22,25-27 and 29-43</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
		e withdrawn	irom consideration	1.				
′=	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	):-/	1					
·	Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,9-22,25-27 and 29-43</u>	is/are rejecte	ea.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	e 17 1						
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or ei	ection requiremen	t.				
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accept	ed or b)⊡ objecte	d to by the E	xaminer.			
	Applicant may not request that any object	tion to the dra	wing(s) be held in ab	oeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction	is required if the dra	wing(s) is obje	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Exam	niner. Note the atta	ched Office	Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some color None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2)  Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P' nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	TO-948)	Pape 5) Notice	view Summary ( er No(s)/Mail Dat ce of Informal Pa r:				

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1, 4-7, 9-22, 25-27 and 29-43 have been examined. Application 10/664,289 (METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR OFFERING A MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE IN A NETWORK-BASED MARKETPLACE) has a filing date 09/16/2003.

## Response to Amendment

2. In response to Non Final Rejection filed 07/21/2008, the Applicant filed an Amendment on 10/27/2008, which amended claims 1, 9, 22, 42, 43 and cancel claims 2, 3, 23 and 24.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1, 4-7, 9-22, 25-27 and 29-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. With respect to claims 1, 4-7 and 9-21, based on Supreme Court precedent, a method/process claim must (1) be tied to another statutory class of invention (such as a particular apparatus) (see at least Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876)) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing (see at least Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 71 (1972)). A method/process claim that fails to meet one of the above requirements is not in compliance with the statutory requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101 for patent eligible

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subject matter. Here the claims fail to meet the above requirements because the steps are neither tied to another statutory class of invention (such as a particular apparatus) nor physically transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials). Claims 22, 25-27, 29-41 are defined as system claims however, said claims are claiming only functional descriptive material (i.e. software) as "module" is defined in Applicant's specification as software. Claim 42 is not claiming a proper machine readable medium as Applicant's specification page 22 defines a "machine readable medium" as a carrier wave signals.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 22, 25-27, 29-41 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claims 22, 25-27, 29-41 are indefinite because they are not system claims and claim 42 is indefinite because it is not claiming a proper computer readable medium.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4-7, 9-18, 20-22, 25-27, 29-39 and 41-43 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Junger</u> (US 2004/0172260) in view of <u>Lee</u> (US 2004/0117383).

Claims 1, 22, 42 and 43, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

A method of providing a money-back guarantee for a transaction in a networkbased marketplace, the method including:

providing a seller eligible to offer a buyer the money-back guarantee an option to offer the buyer the money-back guarantee (see paragraph 30);

receiving, over a network, a reimbursement request against the money-back guarantee for the eligible transaction (see paragraph 183);

responsive to receiving the reimbursement request, verifying the reimbursement request is eligible for the money-back guarantee (see paragraph 183); and

electronically reimbursing a buyer a <u>predetermined</u> amount associated with the eligible transaction and the money-back guarantee (see paragraph 184).

Junger does not expressly mention determining that a seller is eligible to offer a buyer the money-back guarantee. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that the reason that the registration center in <u>Junger</u> monitors retailers return for possible problems or abuse (see <u>Junger</u> paragraph 90) is to determine if a retailer is eligible to participate in the system, such that fraudulent retailers would not be allowed to participate in the product's return system.

products.

Junger does not teach providing a guarantee interface for the buyer to activate the money-back guarantee associated with the eligible transaction. However, <u>Lee</u> teaches that it is old and well known in the promotion art to purchase online extended warranties (see <u>Lee</u> co 15, claim 9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that <u>Junger</u> would allow customers to purchase online products from a e-tailer (see <u>Junger</u> paragraph 20) and to purchase online an extended warranty for said products, as taught

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Claims 4 and 25, Junger teaches:

providing a seller interface for the seller to choose whether the money-back guarantee is offered on the eliqible transaction (see paragraph 183).

by Lee in order to allow said customers to purchase a money-back guarantee for said

Claim 5, Junger teaches:

verifying that the eligible transaction is eligible for the money-back guarantee (see paragraph 183).

Claims 6 and 26, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

wherein the verifying includes determining that a transaction amount associated with the eligible transaction does not exceed a predetermined threshold (see paragraph 183).

Claims 7 and 27, Junger teaches:

wherein the verifying includes determining that a transaction occurred within a predetermined timeframe (see paragraph 123).

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Claims 9 and 29, Junger teaches:

collecting a fee from the buyer for activating the money-back guarantee, wherein the fee is in addition to the associated transaction cost (see paragraph 24 "restocking fee").

Claims 10 and 30, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

calculating the fee base upon a predetermined percentage of the transaction amount plus a flat fee (see paragraph 24 "restocking fee").

Claims 11 and 31, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

receiving payment from the buyer for the money-back guarantee and the associated transaction cost and responsive to receiving the payment, generating a transaction identification number (see paragraph 28).

Claims 12 and 32, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

providing a reimbursement request interface for the buyer to submit the reimbursement request against the money- back guarantee associated with the eligible transaction (see paragraph 30).

Claims 13, 33 and 38, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

wherein the reimbursement request includes a transaction number, date of transaction, reason for the request, and type of item associated with the request (see paragraphs 30-31).

Claims 14 and 34, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

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wherein the verifying of the reimbursement request includes verifying the eligibility of the transaction and seller for the money-back guarantee and verifying the buyer paid for the money-back guarantee (see paragraph 178).

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Claims 15 and 35, Junger teaches:

reimbursing the buyer if an item associated with the eligible transaction is alleged to be defective (see paragraph 184).

Claims 16 and 36, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

reimbursing the buyer if an item associated with the eligible transaction is not received by the buyer (see paragraph 183).

Claims 17 and 37, Junger teaches:

reimbursing the buyer if an item associated with the eligible transaction is unwanted (see paragraph 183).

Claims 18 and 39, Junger teaches:

wherein the eligible transaction is an online transaction using the Internet (see paragraph 177).

Claims 20 and 41, Junger teaches:

wherein the online transaction is a fixed price transaction (see paragraph 184).

Claim 21, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

wherein the network-based marketplace supports transactions between a plurality of sellers and a plurality of buyers (see paragraph 183).

Claim 38, <u>Junger</u> teaches:

Wherein the network based marketplace supports transactions between a plurality of sellers and a plurality of buyers (see paragraph 28).

6. Claims 19 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Junger</u> (US 2004/0172260) in view of <u>Lee</u> (US 2004/0117383) and further in view of <u>Harrison</u> (US 2001/0039524).

Claims 19 and 40, <u>Junger</u> fails to teach wherein the online transaction is associated with an online auction. However, <u>Harrison</u> teaches an online auction where seller can refund buyers for auction products (see paragraphs 133-134). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that <u>Junger</u> and <u>Lee</u> refund system would be applied to online auctions, as it is old and well known in the art to request refunds in online auctions, as taught by <u>Harrison</u>.

#### Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments filed 10/27/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant argues that the <u>Junger</u> does not teach "determining that a seller is eligible to offer a buyer the money-back guarantee". The Examiner answers that it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the application was made, to know that the reason that the registration center in <u>Junger</u> monitors retailers return for possible problems or abuse (see <u>Junger</u> paragraph 90) is to determine if a retailer is eligible to participate in the system, such that fraudulent retailers would not be allowed to participate in the product's return system.

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Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to DANIEL LASTRA whose telephone number is 571-272-

6720 and fax 571-273-6720. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, James W. Myhre can be reached on (571)272-6722. The official Fax

number is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/DANIEL LASTRA/

Examiner, Art Unit 3688

January 17, 2009